#### **ABERDEEN CITY COUNCIL**

COMMITTEE	City Growth and Resources
DATE	3 February 2021
EXEMPT	No
CONFIDENTIAL	No
REPORT TITLE	Credit Rating Annual Review
REPORT NUMBER	RES/21/043
DIRECTOR	Steven Whyte
CHIEF OFFICER	Jonathan Belford
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TERMS OF REFERENCE	1.1.11

## 1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

1.1 To provide an overview of the recent credit rating annual review and report the outcome of the review.

# 2. RECOMMENDATION(S)

That the Committee:-

2.1 Note the outcome of the annual review was affirmation of the A1 rating, with an economic outlook of 'stable', in line with the recent changes to the UK's rating.

#### 3. BACKGROUND

- 3.1 During 2016/17, Aberdeen City Council became the first local authority in Scotland to be awarded a credit rating and subsequently secure funding towards its capital investment programme, by issuing bonds of £370 million on the London Stock Exchange (LSE).
- 3.2 The credit rating must be maintained over the term of the bonds with the credit rating agency conducting a review at least once every twelve months.
- 3.3 At its meeting on 14 December 2016, Council considered a report "Bond Financing Strategy Implications for the Council" which provided details on the implications of the award of a credit rating by Moody's Investor Services. The report can be viewed using the following link (item 15):
  - http://councilcommittees/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=122&Mld=3897&Ver=4
- 3.4 A credit rating, from a recognised credit rating agency, had to be secured to enable the Council to issue bonds. In determining a credit rating, the agency considered the strength of the institutional framework within which a Scottish local authority operates as well as considering the performance of the economy within which the local authority operates.
- 3.5 In addition, the Council was required to submit detailed financial information to the ratings agency in order to demonstrate its stewardship, including annual

accounts; past, present and future budgetary information and analysis including the main income streams; capital programmes and major projects; analysis of past and projected future reserves and balances; treasury management policy and strategy; credit metrics; and 35 year projected income statement, cashflow statement and balance sheet.

## 3.6 Annual Review Process

The first annual review took place in October 2017 and on 20 November 2017, Moody's issued their credit opinion, Aa3 with a stable outlook, no change from that issued in September 2017. This was reported to the Finance, Policy & Resources Committee on 1 December 2017 and can be viewed using the following link (item 14):

https://committees.aberdeencity.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=146&Mld =4336&Ver=4

3.7 The second annual review took place in November 2018 and on 22 November 2018, Moody's issued their credit opinion, Aa3 with a stable outlook, no change from that issued in November 2017. This was reported to the City Growth and Resources Committee on 27 November 2018 and can be viewed using the following link (item 14):

http://councilcommittees.acc.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=618&Mld=61 94&Ver=4

3.8 The third annual review took place in November 2019 and on 20 December 2019, Moody's issued their credit opinion, Aa3 with a negative outlook. The downgrade in the negative outlook followed, and was in line with, the recent downgrade to the UK's economic outlook. This was reported to the City Growth and Resources Committee on 6 February 2020 and can be viewed using the following link (item 8):

http://councilcommittees.acc.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=618&Mld=72 08&Ver=4

As advised in previous reports, the Economic Policy Panel (EPP) was established to produce an annual economic report which, as independent validation of economic policy and performance, would provide a robust economic analysis to Moody's from 2018 onwards.

- 3.9 The timing of the 2020 credit rating annual review was therefore dependent on the publication of the EPP's annual report and as such, with the Panel's report available, the review meeting was set for 10 November 2020.
- 3.10 The meeting focussed on providing information on the past, current and future financial position, treasury and debt management, governance, Brexit and Covid-19 implications as highlighted by Moody's as their main areas of interest. The EPP's report was shared with Moody's on 9 November and they were given the opportunity to ask questions on this.

#### 3.11 Annual Review Outcome

On 18 January 2021, Moody's issued their credit opinion, A1 with a stable outlook. This was unchanged and is in line with the recent downgrade to the

UK's rating from Aa2 to Aa3. The full published credit opinion is included in Appendix 1 and can be summarised as follows:

- 3.11.1 The credit profile reflects a strong institutional framework, a strong track record of operating performance and a wealthy local economy.
- 3.11.2 It also reflects a high likelihood that the UK government (Aa3 stable) intervene in the event of acute liquidity stress.
- 3.11.3 The credit opinion highlights those factors which could lead to a future upgrade or downgrade, with these including changes in financial performance or a material increase in debt levels. In addition, a downgrade in the sovereign rating, a change in the relationship between Scotland and the UK or a dilution of the regulatory or institutional framework for Scottish Local Authorities could exert downward pressure on the rating.

## 3.12 Future Annual Reviews

As previously mentioned, the credit rating must be maintained over the period of the bonds. This means a formal review of this nature will take place annually. We expect each review will have a strong focus on the current and projected financial position of the Council and therefore continued strong financial governance and reporting is imperative to support the maintenance of the current level credit rating.

## 4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 Whilst there are no direct financial implications arising from the recommendations of this report, it is important to note that the bond issuance places a financial commitment on the Council until 2054. The first principal bond repayment was made in August 2019, with the next principal repayment due in February 2021.
- 4.2 In addition, financial stability and strong financial management are key elements to maintaining a credit rating throughout the period of the bonds.

## 5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

- 5.1 There is a specific requirement within the bond documentation that a credit rating be maintained throughout the period of the bonds.
- 5.2 While the Council's bonds are trading on the LSE, the Council is required to comply with the Market Abuse Regulations, the Disclosure and Transparency Rules, the Listing Rules and ongoing obligations as set out in the LSE Admission and Disclosure Standards.

# 6. MANAGEMENT OF RISK

Category	Risk	Low (L) Medium (M)	Mitigation
Compliance/ Reputational	Failure to adhere to the relevant legislation, rules and regulations may result in the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) seeking to investigate the governance arrangements in place to comply with the LSE requirements. This could be on a corporate and/or individual basis and represents both a legal and reputational risk.	High (H)	These risks are mitigated through monitoring of key governance programmes by the Council and by a programme of training in place.
	Council employees and councillors have access to an array of information which may be confidential and/or inside information in terms of the relevant legislation, rules and regulations that come with being an LSE listed organisation.  It is important that all employees and councillors understand the implications of being a listed organisation and having a credit rating and the specific requirements this		
Financial	puts on them. The Council must endeavour to maintain a suitable	L	These risks are mitigated by having robust governance processes in place which

credit rating. Should ensures the Council can the credit rating fall react and act promptly to the liquidity of the address issues arising. The bonds in the Council monitors the key secondary market will work programmes identified drop. If concerned, to ensure these risks are bondholders may call mitigated as far as possible. a meeting which would analyse the Council's financial position and the Council are obliged to respond honesty to all questions. Further if the credit rating falls such that it is three notches below the UK sovereign rating, the bondholders can request repayment of the bonds. In addition, if the credit rating falls then the Council's ability to obtain other financial products in marketplace may become more expensive and/or difficult to access.

# 7. OUTCOMES

This is due to the perceived risk in investing in a lower credit rated body.

COUNCIL DELIVERY PLAN		
	Impact of Report	
Aberdeen City Council	The proposals within this report support the	
Policy Statement	continued delivery of The Event Complex Aberdeen	
TECA, including digestion	- Policy Statement 2.	
plant		
Aberdeen City Local Outcome Improvement Plan		
Prosperous Economy	The bond issuance has provided a source of	
Stretch Outcomes	financing which allows investment in the city through	

	the projects identified within the Council's capital
	programmes.
Prosperous People Stretch	Investment in the city enhances the lives of its
Outcomes	citizens and those of the wider region through the
	provision of better facilities.

# 8. IMPACT ASSESSMENTS

Assessment	Outcome
Impact Assessment	Not Required
Data Protection Impact Assessment	Not Required

# 9. BACKGROUND PAPERS

9.1 Bond Financing Strategy – Implications for the Council (Council 14/12/16)

# 10. APPENDICES

Appendix 1 – Moody's Credit Opinion (18 January 2021)

# 11. REPORT AUTHOR CONTACT DETAILS

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